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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING DUAL NUMBER ACCESS  
ELECTRONIC WALLET

5 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a centralized personal data bank and an electronic wallet tied to the centralized personal data bank that can be used for purchases over the telephone or over the Internet based upon a primary number and a wallet number.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A centralized personal data base (CPDB) system for merchant access of customer information was disclosed in application AUS820010420. In the CPDB system merchants obtained customer information by using a primary number and a secondary number given to them by the customer. A need exists for a centralized data base and electronic wallet that will allow users to purchase products online or over the phone in a secure and simplified process.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention which meets the needs identified above is an electronic wallet based upon the centralized personal data base (CPDB) system disclosed in application AUS8200010420. In the CPDB system merchants obtained customer information by using a primary number and a secondary number given to them by the customer. The CPDB

electronic wallet user need only provide the primary number and the wallet number to the merchant to conduct a financial transaction between the user and the merchant. The merchant submits the primary number and the wallet number to the centralized personal data base, the transaction is processed by the CPDB, and the merchant obtains credit for the

5 financial transaction. Since the CPDB customer can have several bank accounts and credit cards, multiple wallet numbers can be created. Each wallet number can also have a monetary limit set and can be associated with one or more financial accounts. An expiration date can be established for each wallet number. Transactions can be conducted by authorizing the CPDB to conduct the debit on the customer's account for the customer

10 purchase and simultaneously to credit the merchant account in the CPDB. Alternatively, the merchant may obtain credit card information from the centralized personal data base and then the merchant may proceed to charge the credit card in the manner of a traditional credit card transaction. To use the CPDB electronic wallet, the customer first registers the customer's electronic wallet at the CPDB website and then provides the customer's credit

15 card and bank account numbers. The customer also creates a wallet number associated with one or more credit or bank accounts and establishes a dollar limit for each wallet number. The customer uses only the customer's primary number and wallet number, both obtained from CPDB, for purchases online or over the phone. The merchant sends the primary number and the wallet number to the CPDB and obtains credit for the customer purchase.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself, however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following  
5 detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is depiction of a distributed data processing system;

Figure 2 is a depiction of a server computer;

Figure 3 is a depiction of a client computer;

10 Figure 4 is a flow chart of the wallet creation process; and

Figure 5 is a flow chart of the transaction process.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 depicts a pictorial representation of a distributed data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented and is intended as an example, and not as  
15 an architectural limitation, for the processes of the present invention. Distributed data processing system **100** is a network of computers which contains a network **102**, which is the medium used to provide communication links between the various devices and computers connected together within distributed data processing system **100**. Network **102** may include permanent connections, such as wire or fiber optic cables, or temporary  
20 connections made through telephone connections. In the depicted example, a server **104** is

connected to network **102** along with storage unit **106**. In addition, clients **108**, **110**, and **112** also are connected to a network **102**. Clients **108**, **110**, and **112** may be, for example, personal computers or network computers.

For purposes of this application, a network computer is any computer, coupled to a  
5 network, which receives a program or other application from another computer coupled to  
the network. In the depicted example, server **104** provides Web based applications to  
clients **108**, **110**, and **112**. Clients **108**, **110**, and **112** are clients to server **104**. Distributed  
data processing system **100** may include additional servers, clients, and other devices not  
shown. In the depicted example, distributed data processing system **100** is the Internet  
10 with network **102** representing a worldwide collection of networks and gateways that use  
the TCP/IP suite of protocols to communicate with one another. Distributed data  
processing system **100** may also be implemented as a number of different types of  
networks, such as, an intranet, a local area network (LAN), or a wide area network (WAN).

Referring to Figure 2, a block diagram depicts a data processing system, which may  
15 be implemented as a server, such as server **104** in Figure 1 in accordance with the present  
invention. Data processing system **200** may be a symmetric multiprocessor (SMP) system  
including a plurality of processors such as first processor **202** and second processor **204**  
connected to system bus **206**. Alternatively, a single processor system may be employed.  
Also connected to system bus **206** is memory controller/cache **208**, which provides an  
20 interface to local memory **209**. I/O bus bridge **210** is connected to system bus **206** and

provides an interface to I/O bus **212**. Memory controller/cache **208** and I/O bus bridge **210** may be integrated as depicted. Peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus bridge **214** connected to I/O bus **212** provides an interface to first PCI local bus **216**. Modem **218** may be connected to first PCI bus local **216**. Typical PCI bus implementations will support four

5 PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors. Communications links to network computers **108, 110** and **112** in Figure 1 may be provided through modem **218** and network adapter **220** connected to first PCI local bus **216** through add-in boards. Additional PCI bus bridges such as second PCI bus bridge **222** and third PCI bus bridge **224** provide interfaces for additional PCI local buses such as second PCI local bus **226** and third PCI local bus **228**,

10 from which additional modems or network adapters may be supported. In this manner, server **200** allows connections to multiple network computers. A memory-mapped graphics adapter **230** and hard disk **232** may also be connected to I/O bus **212** as depicted, either directly or indirectly. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware depicted in Figure 2 may vary. For example, other peripheral devices, such as an optical

15 disk drive and the like also may be used in addition or in place of the hardware depicted. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention. The data processing system depicted in Figure 2 may be, for example, an IBM RISC/System 6000 system, a product of International Business Machines Corporation in Armonk, New York, running the Advanced Interactive Executive (AIX)

20 operating system.

With reference now to Figure 3, a block diagram illustrates a data processing system in which the invention may be implemented. Data processing system **300** is an example of either a stand-alone computer, if not connected to distributed data processing system **100**, or a client computer, if connected to distributed data processing system **100**. Data processing system **300** employs a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) local bus architecture. Although the depicted example employs a PCI bus, other bus architectures such as Micro Channel and ISA may be used. Processor **302** and main memory **304** are connected to PCI local bus **306** through PCI bridge **303**. PCI bridge **303** also may include an integrated memory controller and cache memory for Processor **302**. Additional connections to PCI local bus **306** may be made through direct component interconnection or through add-in boards. In the depicted example, local area network (LAN) adapter **310**, SCSI host bus adapter **312**, and expansion bus interface **314** are connected to PCI local bus **306** by direct component connection. In contrast, audio adapter **316**, graphics adapter **318**, and audio/video adapter (A/V) **319** are connected to PCI local bus **306** by add-in boards inserted into expansion slots. Expansion bus interface **314** provides a connection for a keyboard and mouse adapter **320**, modem **322**, and additional memory **324**. SCSI host bus adapter **312** provides a connection for hard disk drive **326**, tape drive **328**, and CD-ROM **330** in the depicted example. Typical PCI local bus implementations will support three or four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors. An operating system runs on processor **302** and is used to coordinate and provide control of various components within data processing

system **300** in Figure 3. The operating system may be a commercially available operating system such as OS/2, which is available from International Business Machines Corporation. "OS/2" is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation. An object oriented programming system, such as Java, may run in conjunction with the operating system and provides calls to the operating system from Java programs or applications executing on data processing system **300**. "Java" is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Incorporated. Instructions for the operating system, the object-oriented operating system, and applications or programs may be located on storage devices, such as hard disk drive **326**, and they may be loaded into main memory **304** for execution by processor **302**. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware in Figure 3 may vary depending on the implementation. Other internal hardware or peripheral devices, such as flash ROM (or equivalent nonvolatile memory) or optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted in Figure 3. Also, the processes of the present invention may be applied to a multiprocessor data processing system. For example, data processing system **300**, if configured as a network computer, may not include SCSI host bus adapter **312**, hard disk drive **326**, tape drive **328**, and CD-ROM **330**, as noted by the box with the dotted line in Figure 3 denoting optional inclusion. In that case, the computer, to be properly called a client computer, must include some type of network communication interface, such as LAN adapter **310**, modem **322**, or the like. As another example, data processing system **300** may be a stand-alone system configured to be bootable without

relying on some type of network communication interface, whether or not data processing system **300** comprises some type of network communication interface. As a further example, data processing system **300** may be a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) device which is configured with ROM and/or flash ROM in order to provide non-volatile memory

5 for storing operating system files and/or user-generated data. The depicted example in Figure 3 and above-described examples are not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention. It is important to note that while the present invention has been described in the context of a fully functioning data processing system, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the processes of the present invention are

10 capable of being distributed in a form of a computer readable medium of instructions and a variety of forms and that the present invention applies equally regardless of the particular type of signal bearing media actually used to carry out the distribution. Examples of computer readable media include recordable-type media, such a floppy disc, a hard disk drive, a RAM, and CD-ROMs, and transmission-type media, such as digital and analog

15 communications links.

Fig 4. depicts centralized personal data base **400**. As used herein, the term centralized personal data base (CPDB) means (1) a data base that may be accessed by a user having a basic and a primary number and also to any person to whom the user provides a primary and a secondary number, (2) a data base that can be accessed through the Internet

20 from a centralized personal data base web site, and (3) that may be located in one storage



area connected to one or more server computers that may be distributed in multiple storage areas each of which are connected to one or more server computers. CPDB 400 contains set-up program 410, access program 420, basic, primary and secondary number generation program 430, registration program 440, search program 450, merchant data base 460, user data base 470, and transactions program 480. Set up program 410 contains a wallet set up program 412. Number generation program 430 contains a wallet number generation program 432. Alternatively, set-up program 410, access program 420, primary and secondary number generation program 440, registration program 440, search program 450, and transactions program 480 may be located in the memory of a server computer or distributed among a plurality of computers and linked to each other and the CPDB by a network. Furthermore, one or more of the above referenced programs may be built into a web browser program or furnished as a plug-in to a web browser program.

The relationship of the wallet number to the dual number system disclosed in the CPDB patent application is that the wallet number is a special type of secondary number. Three types of numbers were used for access in the CPDB disclosure as shown in Table A.

Type	User	Merchant
Basic	Yes	No
Primary	Yes	Yes
Secondary	No	Yes

Table A

The user is the only person with a basic number, and therefore, although the primary number is used by both the user and those to whom the user desires to give access, the user is the only person who can access his or her account to change information. The secondary numbers are generated for those to whom access is to be given. A variety of secondary numbers can be created for different purposes. In this case, wallet number generation program **432** is located within number generation program **430** and provides numbers to support transactions carried out by transactions program **480**. The wallet number is actually a secondary number that has a specialized use. In addition to authorizing electronic transactions in conjunction with a primary number, the wallet numbers may be given an expiration date. Any number of secondary numbers may be created as needs arise for different types of information traffic and transactions. Therefore, a subcategory of secondary number types can be created and the wallet number would one of the subcategories.

Fig 5 depicts the electronic wallet creation process **500**. Electronic wallet creation process **500** begins (**502**) and a user invokes the centralized personal data base menu (**506**). A determination is made as to whether the user wants to create a new wallet (**508**). If the user wants to create a new wallet, a determination is made whether the user wants to pay by credit (**510**) or other means. If the user does not want to create a new wallet, then a determination is made whether the user wants to select an existing wallet (**510**). If the user wants to select an existing wallet, then the process goes to step **526**. If the user does not

want to select an account, the process returns to step 508.

If the user wants to pay by credit (511), the user inputs the credit information (512).

If the user does not want to pay by credit, a determination is made as to whether the user wants to pay from a bank account (514). If the user wants to pay by bank account, the bank

5 account information is input (516) and the process goes to step 518. A determination is made as to whether another form of payment is to be used (520). If another form of payment is to be used, the information is input (520) and the process goes to step 522. If another form of payment is not be used, a determination is made as to whether centralized personal data base payment is authorized (522). If the centralized personal data base  
10 payment is authorized, then account information is provided to the merchant (524). If the centralized personal data base payment is not authorized, then the process goes to step 526.

If the user selects an existing account at step 526, the process goes to step 528. If the user does not select an existing account, then the process returns to step 508. A determination is made whether the user wants to set an expiration date (528). If the user  
15 wants to set an expiration date, the user selects an expiration date by either entering a date, or by choosing from a range of periods such as one month, six months, one year, etc. (530)

If the user does not want to set an expiration date, the process goes to step 532. A determination is made whether the user wants to place a limit on the account (532). If the user wants to place a limit, the wallet number, account, and limit are displayed (536). If the  
20 user does not want to place a limit, the wallet number and account are displayed (534). A

determination is made whether the user approves of the display (538). If the user does not approve the display, then the process returns to step 508. If the user approves the display, the wallet number is stored (540). A determination is made whether the user wants to create another wallet number (542). If the user wants to create another wallet number, the process returns to step 508. If the user does not want to create another wallet number, the process stops. (544).

Fig. 6 depicts a flow chart for transaction process 600. Transaction process 600 begins (602) and the user completes registration (610). The user makes a purchase using the CPDB primary number and the wallet number (620). The merchant sends the primary number and the wallet number to the centralized personal data base (630). A determination is made whether the wallet pin has an expiration date (632). If the wallet number does not have an expiration date, the process goes to step 640. If the wallet has an expiration date, a determination is made whether the date or period has passed (634). If the date or period has not passed, the process goes to step 640. If the date or period has passed a message is displayed (636) and the process goes to step 670. A determination is made whether payment by the centralized personal data base is authorized (640). If payment is authorized by the centralized personal data base, the transaction is processed (660). The transaction is processed by transactions program 480 in CPDB 400 (See Fig. 4). If the centralized personal data base payment is not authorized, the account information is provided to the merchant (650). A determination is made whether the user wants to conduct another

transaction (670). If another transaction is desired, the process goes to step 620. If another transaction is not desired, the process ends (680).

The advantages provided by the present invention should be apparent in light of the detailed description provided above. The description of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, but is not limited to be exhaustive or limited to the invention in the form disclosed. Many modifications and variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art. The embodiment was chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention, the practical application, and to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the invention for various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.